# : MONTGOMERY WARD 1965 ANNUAL REPORT





Robert E. Brooker, President

### PRESIDENT'S LETTER TO STOCKHOLDERS

Total sales for the fiscal year of 1965 were \$1,748,360,155, as compared with \$1,697,390,884 for the 1964 fiscal year. Net earnings were \$23,962,876 or \$1.83 per common share for the fiscal year compared with \$21,865,389 or \$1.66 per share for the 1964 fiscal year.

Net earnings increased 10% per share of common stock while sales rose 3%. Total sales of Montgomery Ward for the past five years have increased at the rate of 7% annually while common stock per share earnings have increased at the rate of 11%.

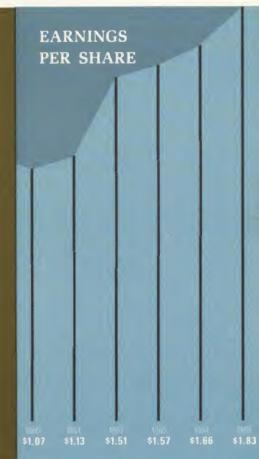
Seventy-six percent of our retail business now is being transacted through modern, new or remodeled stores. During the past five years, we have strengthened the management structure of the Company and have introduced new systems and procedures to improve the productivity and profitability of the Company.

The year 1965 was one of consolidation of these programs. At the same time, we initiated new customer service programs while expanding and improving other services in recognition of the demand of today's customers for friendly and reliable service in addition to products of guaranteed value.

#### Sales Results and Comparisons

The 1964 fiscal year contained 53 weeks compared with 52 weeks in 1965. A recalculation of our sales on the basis of comparable 52-week years shows that total sales increased 4.4%; retail sales were \$1,229,700,000, up 6%, and catalog sales were \$518,700,000, down 3%.

RESULTS AT A GLANCE	1965	1964
Net Sales	\$1,748,360,155	\$1,697,390,884
Earnings before Federal Income Taxes Industry all automations	41,710,876	39,165,389
Farnings after Federal Income Taxes	23,962,876	21,865,389
Earnings Reinvested During Year	10,407,801	8,315,753
Stockholders Investment	656,733,053	640,250,026
Investment per Common Share	51.09	50.27
Larnings per Common Share.	1.83	1.66
Dividends per Common Share	1.00	1.00



The general merchandise retail industry prospered during 1965, reporting an increase of 7% in sales for the year. Although our sales for the first two quarters of 1965 were up less than 1%, promotion programs during the fall and winter seasons enabled us to regain our sales momentum. This resulted in an 8% increase in sales over the comparable 26-week fall and winter season of 1964.

An unprecedented volume of catalog sales during the 1964 Christmas season exceeded our capacity to handle deliveries on a satisfactory basis. This resulted in an abnormally high rate of returns and adjustments. Also, we were in the midst of our credit centralization and mechanization programs in catalog houses and this added to our problems. During the past year, we have refined these operations with new computer systems and corrected other problems through new management techniques. During the all-important Christmas season sales peak of 1965, we provided our customers with prompt and reliable service.

#### **Earnings and Taxes**

Total earnings before taxes, including all subsidiaries, were \$41,710,876 for the 1965 fiscal year as compared with \$39,165,389 last year.

Federal income taxes of \$17,748,000 in 1965 and \$17,300,000 in 1964 were based upon the tax rates that were effective during the respective periods and reflect investment tax credits on expenditures made for fixtures and equipment during each year.

Dividends of \$1.00 per common share and \$7.00 per Class A share were paid to stockholders in the amount of \$13,555,075 in 1965 and \$13,549,636 in 1964. The balance of earnings, \$10,407,801, was reinvested in the business. Payout of dividends to stockholders amounted to 56.6% of earnings.

As of February 2, 1966, the Company reported a deferral of \$21 million of Federal and State taxes related to installment sales and \$13 million resulting from accelerated depreciation. Other than for the interest savings on funds that otherwise would have been borrowed, these deferrals had no effect on reported earnings.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

The volume of customer sales transacted on credit was \$819 million in 1965 compared with \$798 million in 1964, an increase of \$21 million.

Accounts receivable for the parent company and its subsidiaries totaled \$853,002,125 at the end of 1965, a 16.4% increase from \$732,663,178 in 1964. The number of active customer accounts in retail stores, catalog stores and catalog houses increased during the year from 4,307,000 to 4,666,000 and the average balance of these accounts increased 4.8%, from \$168 to \$176.

#### **Financial Requirements**

As credit sales have continued to increase, and as we have expanded and modernized our stores and other facilities, we have obtained additional funds beyond those which were generated through the Company's cash flow. Additional capital has been obtained through our subsidiaries and in 1965 a \$150 million parent company issue of 47/8% 25-year Sinking Fund Debentures provided funds to finance further expansion of sales.

#### **Subsidiary Operations**

Montgomery Ward Credit Corporation economically provides the bulk of the financing of the parent company's growing volume of customer's receivables. Organized in 1960, this subsidiary held \$735,002,911 of the parent company's receivables at the end of the 1965 fiscal year as compared with \$693,967,886 at the end of the 1964 fiscal year. Ward's equity investment in the Credit Corporation at the end of the fiscal year was \$98 million, an increase of \$6.3 million in the past year.

Earnings of the Credit Corporation, which are included in the parent company's consolidated earnings, were \$6,292,361 as compared with \$5,392,766 last year. These earnings represent the difference between the charges to the parent and the interest and operating costs incurred by the Credit Corporation.

The M-W Properties Corporation and Montgomery Ward Realty Corporation, which hold properties leased to the parent company, recorded earnings of \$268,274 in 1965 and \$411,686 in 1964. Ward's equity investment in these subsidiaries totals \$3.7 million.

In January, 1966, the Company purchased a paint manufacturing factory in Dallas, Texas, thereby expanding its national paint production capacity by 15%. Other paint factories are located in San Leandro, Calif., Chicago Heights, Ill., and Staten Island, N.Y. The Company also owns plants in Linden, N.J., and Chicago which manufacture a variety of industrial coatings, resins, electrical insulation compounds and paper coatings.

#### **Consumer Financial Services**

Your Company has taken several preliminary steps to prepare itself for the offering of broader financial services to our customers. It has purchased 98% of the capital stock of the Pioneer Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago and, within the near future, plans to proceed with the incorporation of a life insurance company. We anticipate a slow but sound development of new financial services for customers but do not expect more than nominal contributions to profits for several years.



Selection, testing, inspection and comparison of thousands of merchandise items from reputable manufacturers gives the "buyers" of Montgomery Ward the great fund of knowledge that enables them to draw up specifications and oversee production of the best possible product values for Ward customers. As representatives of American consumers, these buyers must know fashion, style and color trends; size standards; care, maintenance and serviceability requirements. The integrity and experience of these men and women is unsurpassed.

















New materials and technologic advances are tested and built into Ward products each year to provide customers with greater efficiency, economy and reliability. Small vertical doors replace the large heavy door of refrigerators; built-in cams provide automatic stitch selection in a redesigned sewing machine; Signature washers use solid state electrical systems that withstand vibrations; Ward's electric range is lined with self-cleaning Teflon; a new radial arm saw is engineered to provide maximum safety, performance and versatility.





#### **Capital Expenditures**

Parent and subsidiary capital expenditures were \$68,202,515 as compared with \$73,022,509 last year. Depreciation charges totaled \$19,151,531 in 1965 and \$17,142,890 in 1964.

During 1965 we completed our three-year program of modernizing and expanding our major old stores and of rehabilitating small and medium-size old stores. This program included the expansion and modernization of seven catalog house retail stores and Montgomery Ward's largest store on State Street in Chicago. It is now possible to increase our rate of opening new stores to 32 in 1966 from 24 in each of the past two years. Twenty-four of the 32 new stores will be relocations of existing stores into new and larger buildings with adequate parking space for customers; eight new stores will be opened in 1966 in Hillcrest Heights, Md.; Cocoa and Jacksonville, Fla.; Greensburg, Pa.; Robbinsdale, Minn.; Dallas, Texas; Fullerton and Huntington Beach, Calif.

Capital expenditures for these new stores, for the rehabilitation of five old stores, for the acquisition of properties and for the improvement of other facilities are presently planned to approximate \$57,000,000 in 1966.

#### **Expansion of Retail Facilities**

At the end of the 1965 fiscal year, Montgomery Ward was selling its merchandise through 502 retail stores, 140 of which were opened since 1956 and 98 of which have been modernized or expanded in the past three years.

We are proceeding with our schedule to replace old stores with new and larger stores in better locations which will provide easy access and convenient parking for customers. When the economic prospects of a community do not justify the capital investment for replacing or rehabilitating an old retail store, we occasionally replace it with a modern catalog store. This was done in six communities last year.

With 13 retail and 22 catalog stores now serving customers in the Chicago area, our competitive position has improved and this metropolitan district will contribute to our profits in 1966, following two years of deficit operations. Sales from our largest store, on State Street in Chicago, the former Fair Store, are showing substantial increases over last year now that it has been completely modernized and integrated into the Montgomery Ward merchandising organization.

#### **Expansion of Catalog Sales Facilities**

Of the 107 catalog stores opened in 1965, compared with 122 in 1964, 71 will serve new communities and 36 are new facilities replacing old stores. At the end of the year, we were operating 864 catalog stores and 44 of these stores provide customers with automobile, tire, battery and accessory maintenance and repair services.

As an additional service to customers in metropolitan areas, we extended our telephone ordering facilities to 18 new communities. We now are operating 48 telephone order units in metropolitan areas, as compared with 30 one year ago, and are offering expedited delivery service into these markets.

The number of Montgomery Ward catalog sales agencies was increased to 287 from 108 a year ago. These agencies are owned by local residents of small communities who offer the full line of merchandise and services available through Ward catalogs.

#### Mechanization and Electronic Data Processing

Retail customer accounts in the Detroit area, one of our largest metropolitan districts, were computerized early in 1965, improving the speed and efficiency of billings to customers and providing more timely credit reports for management. Direct input to the computer is originated from optical font cash register tapes in the twelve Detroit retail stores. We expect to extend this retail credit system to other locations during 1966.

Centralization of the buying records of 13½ million catalog customers on computers in Chicago has made it possible to increase the speed and efficiency of mailings of our catalogs. The records also are being used to analyze and categorize customers according to their buying habits. This is particularly important as we develop direct mail promotions.

The complicated tasks of maintaining inventory records and replenishing stocks of the 130,000 items in each catalog house will be computerized by the end of 1966. Where these installations have been completed, computers now are creating orders for replenishing supplies and have greatly improved the accuracy of our stock controls. The new reports are providing our merchandising staff with current and complete records of demand and supply of individual items.

#### **CUSTOMER SERVICE PROGRAMS**

The combined efforts of merchants, manufacturers and service institutions have provided the nation's consumers with more information about products and services than ever before in history. Through advertisements, brochures, labels, tags, packages and test results, our nation's consumers have become the best informed of any in history.

To meet the more demanding requirements of today's consumers, Montgomery Ward continually is raising the standards for quality and service of its merchandise as we live up to our 94-year customer service pledge of "Satisfaction Guaranteed or Your Money Back." This is the basic policy of our Company.

#### **Consumer Information**

We believe that package labeling must be accurate. To assure this, we have hundreds of professional specialists who devote their time to the writing of clear, succinct descriptions of product characteristics on packages and on labels, tags and catalog pages. To make certain that such information is presented clearly and attractively, Montgomery Ward designs its own packages.

We believe that newspaper advertising must be dependable. For this reason, our newspaper advertisements are carefully prepared by our own copywriters working with our own buyers and our own laboratory technicians. Customers can trust our advertised claims because they know that our team of employees—product designer, buyer, copywriter, clerk and delivery man—each and every one is sharing in the responsibility to guarantee satisfaction.

We believe our customers have the right to expect reliable delivery and installation service. To serve them better, Montgomery Ward has established new training programs for its sales and service employees, new ordering and delivery systems and renewed emphasis upon the offering at all times of the most courteous and friendliest service in town.

For all employees, whether they be salesmen, repairmen or managers, there is one policy for the customers of Montgomery Ward—from Maine to California and Washington to Florida—we guarantee satisfaction and every employee is dedicated to the same policy.

#### **Customer Service Specialists**

To provide improved mechanical service for customers, we have expanded our central service unit operations in 23 major metropolitan areas. These locations are staffed by full complements of trained technicians for radio, television, stereo, home appliances, and other mechanical and electronic products sold by Wards. Five hundred and fifteen radio-dispatched trucks serve customers daily from these centers and 991 additional service trucks serve customers in other communities. During the past year, we added 181 new trucks to our fleet to improve our service.

Wards continues to expand its auto service centers and now has 528 of them with 2,792 service stalls at retail and catalog store locations. In these centers, the Company provides a wide range of maintenance, repair and installation services and sells a full line of auto accessories, parts and equipment.





"Young America In Action"—theme of Ward's Spring and Summer catalog, is typified by these illustrations of popular seasonal merchandise items. The rainwear fashions are exclusive creations of Fabiani of Rome for Montgomery Ward. The popular and youthful "total look" ensemble of wool coat and skirt, jersey blouse and matching beanie hat are exclusive creations of Clodagh of Dublin. Most popular of recent trends is the designer influence on Ward's little girl fashions.



# Spanish and CASSIC

As a pace setter in the merchandising of home furnishings, Montgomery Ward has been aggressively developing completely coordinated styles of furniture, lamps, floor coverings, draperies, accessories and other home furnishings that are in good taste, are fashion-right, and are value-priced. Through its retail stores and its catalogs, Wards is offering the broadest assortment of well styled furniture in history, including early American "Salem Square," modern "Suburbia," provincial "Continentale," Spanish (above) and a new line pictured below which is known as "Classic"—a blend of many moods.



#### **Complete Product Protection**

One of the greatest problems for the modern American housewife who has furnished her home with a full assortment of electrical appliances and accessories is, "How do I get service when I need it, at a price that is sensible?"

With a household of products carrying a dozen different brand names, this can be a problem without a solution. Montgomery Ward, however, in 1965 introduced its solution for customers who have Ward appliances. A Golden Service Contract Agreement provides guaranteed service for as many as 58 different items in a home at one flat monthly charge. One contract, one phone number to call, and 58 Montgomery Ward appliances are covered—from color television and sewing machines to the room air conditioner and the dehumidifier. This program is the first of its kind to be offered by any national retailer, and applies wherever Ward customers may move in the United States.

#### **Employee Training Programs**

Under the leadership of the customer service training department, 2,300 service technicians are given basic theory and individual product training by Montgomery Ward and its suppliers in addition to the weekly training courses that are conducted at each Ward service location.

The most welcome service a customer can be given is that of a salesman who knows his product line and who understands his customer's needs. To give more of our customers this kind of service, we have been developing new approaches to the training of our employees, including one program completed by 13,500 retail store management personnel and a credit training program completed by 6,675 employees.

In addition to these training programs which provide our employees with greater knowledge and skills, 250 of our top and middle management executives participated during 1965 in specialized training programs covering the analyses of problems and the processes of making decisions. Such courses are of great importance in our long-range plans to prepare managers for positions of greater responsibility. An additional 250 executives will be enrolled in these specialized training programs during 1966.

#### **Special Services for Customers**

The sales potential of most retail and many catalog stores is being further expanded—without additional capital—by the employment and training of specialists for "outside" selling. A phone call now can bring to your own home an experienced interior consultant or a home improvement specialist, a kitchen planning or stereo sound system expert, a salesman for refrigerators, ranges, air conditioning or other appliances and equipment.

One of the greatest services rendered by Montgomery Ward to young America during the last three years has been the instruction of some 100,000 young girls in the simple forms of good grooming and good fashions through our now famous Wendy Ward courses. Classes are conducted for children, teenagers, young matrons and homemakers in 100 stores.

Montgomery Ward has brought a new fashion leadership to its customers by attracting top American and European fashion designers to develop exclusive creations for Ward customers and to introduce them personally on tours to all sections of the United States. These pre-season fashion shows for charities, universities and other educational institutions, have earned much good will for Montgomery Ward and many thousands of dollars for various community charitable services and university fashion scholarship funds.

#### **Executive Retirements and Promotions**

Executive changes at the year end included the retirement of Charles J. Kushell, Jr., as Vice President-Credit, and of Russell P. Bygel, Vice, President-North Central Region. Mr. Kushell

and Mr. Bygel also are retiring from the Board of Directors upon completion of their present terms in May. The services of these men as officers and directors have been invaluable to the growth and development of the Montgomery Ward organization.

Executives promoted from within the organization to new officer positions during the year are: Harold F. Dysart—Vice President-Operating; James Lutz—Vice President-North Central Region; Andrew Lamb—Vice President-Finance; Ashley D. DeShazor—Vice President-Credit; Thomas O. Stratton—Treasurer.

#### **Summary Appraisal**

In 1966, we expect our sales and earnings to improve at a greater rate than we have recorded in the past five years. The changes made during 1965 are already producing satisfactory improvements in our 1966 operating results.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert E. Brooker.

Robert E. Brooker President

April 4, 1966



New stores will be opened in 32 communities during 1966, the most to be opened in any year since 1940. One of the largest stores will be in Huntington Beach, Calif. (top), with 103,000 square feet of selling space. The store in Lexington, Kentucky (bottom), with 62,000 square feet of selling space, is typical of Ward's single-level medium and small-size stores. These are now being built to prototype specifications and offer full lines of merchandise and services.



## : MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., INCORPORATED

# Consolidated Statements of Earnings & Earnings Reinvested

1965

1964

Earnings	for the fiscal years ended February 2, 1966 and February 3, 1965	(52 weeks)	(53 weeks)
NET SALES		\$1,748,360,155	\$1,697,390,884
administrative Rents Maintenance and Depreciation and Contribution to Property, social Provision for Fed	chises:  Indise sold, including net buying, operating, selling and expenses other than itemized herein.  Indise sold, including net buying, operating, selling and expenses other than itemized herein.  Indise sold, including net buying, operating, selling and expenses.	\$1,624,536,743 32,849,156 7,169,028 17,551,335 6,069,194 31,082,458 11,700,000 \$1,730,957,914	\$1,580,987,245 29,477,533 7,021,536 16,018,750 5,120,954 31,003,929 11,700,000 \$1,681,329,947
	OF SUBSIDIARIES NOT CONSOLIDATED	6,560,635	5,804,452
TOTAL NET EARN	NINGS	\$ 23,962,876	\$ 21,865,389
Earnings Re	einvested		
NET EARNINGS .	GINNING OF YEARtal	23,962,876	\$ 426,946,137 21,865,389 \$ 448,811,526
CASH DIVIDENDS Class A stock – Common stock-	<b>6:</b> –\$7.00 per share –\$1.00 per share	\$ 974,568 12,580,507	\$ 978,120 12,571,516
REACQUIRED .	T OVER STATED VALUE OF CLASS A SHARES		126,989 \$ 13,676,625
BALANCE AT EN	D OF YEAR	\$ 445,542,702	\$ 435,134,901

### **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

February 2,

1966

ebruary 3, 1965

#### **Assets**

CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash		30,502,316	\$ 33,71	5,985
accounts and unearned carrying charge income		231,505,046	145,44	,
Merchandise inventories, at the lower of cost or market  Prepaid catalog costs, supplies, etc	•	400,205,598	349,86	, -
Total current assets		42,022,500	43,60	
Total current assets	• Ф	704,233,460	\$572,62	6,700
NET EQUITY IN, & ADVANCES TO, SUBSIDIARIES NOT CONSOLIDATED		121,095,971	100,53	3,785
PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT, at cost less reserves for depreciation		234,625,326	208,78	9,189
DEBENTURE DISCOUNT AND EXPENSE, after amortization		2,298,412	_	
and an area of the second seco	-	,062,255,169	\$881,94	9 674
Liabilities				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Notes payable to banks	. \$	64,000,000	\$ 73,86.	5,000
Accounts payable and other liabilities		109,183,388	96,20	,
Accrued expenses	•	51,663,996	47,18	4,337
1965 of deferred taxes on customer installment accounts		17,774,732	7 368	3,706
Total current liabilities			\$224,619	
DEFERRED FEDERAL TAXES ON INCOME	. \$	12,900,000	\$ 11,080	0,000
4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> % SINKING FUND DEBENTURES, due August 1, 1990	. \$	150,000,000	\$ _	
CAPITAL STOCK AND EARNINGS REINVESTED:				
Class A stock, no par value—Authorized 205,000 shares non-callable,				
\$7.00 per share cumulative dividends; issued 201,554 shares less				
62,330 shares in Treasury stated at liquidating value		13,922,400	\$ 13,922	2,400
13,004,756 shares at stated value		211,231,385	211,23	
Earnings reinvested in the business			435,134	
	\$	670,696,487	\$660,288	3,686
Less—Treasury common stock, 423,334 shares in 1966 and 425,944 shares		12.062.424	14.020	
in 1965, at cost			14,038	
Total capital stock and earnings reinvested	-		\$646,250	
	\$1,	.062,255,169	\$881,949	,674

Explanatory notes to these financial statements appear on page 16.



# :₩: MONTGOMERY WARD CREDIT CORPORATION

### **Balance Sheet**

February 2, 1966

1965

Assets		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Customers' deferred payment accounts purchased without recourse from Montgomery Ward & Co., Incorporated	\$735,002,911	\$693,967,886
\$7,344,788 in 1966 and \$6,922,214 in 1965)	73,447,883	69,222,135
Cash Prepaid interest on notes payable	\$661,555,028 1,115,365 1,226,622	\$624,745,751 1,082,913 1,470,801
Total current assets	\$663,897,015	\$627,299,465
DEBENTURE DISCOUNT AND EXPENSE, after amortization	1,186,122	1,266,752
OTHER ASSETS	9,736	10,886
	\$665,092,873	\$628,577,103
Liabilities		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Notes payable Payable to Montgomery Ward & Co., Incorporated Accrued interest and other liabilities. Federal taxes on income.  Total current liabilities	\$373,806,600 39,013,560 1,114,464 3,487,304 \$417,421,928	\$345,452,110 36,213,889 947,440 3,780,898 \$386,394,337
LONG TERM DEBT:		
Term Notes, due August 31, 1970-71.  4 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> % Debentures, due July 1, 1980.  4 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> % Debentures, due February 1, 1981.  5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> % Subordinated Debentures, due February 1, 1981.  Total long term debt	\$ 50,000,000 50,000,000 25,000,000 25,000,000 \$150,000,000	\$ 50,000,000 50,000,000 25,000,000 25,000,000 \$150,000,000
UNEARNED DISCOUNT ON DEFERRED PAYMENT ACCOUNTS	\$ -	\$ 804,182
INVESTMENT OF MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., INCORPORATED:		
Common stock, \$100 par value— Authorized 500,000 shares; issued and outstanding 250,000 shares Capital in excess of par value	\$ 25,000,000 50,000,000	\$ 25,000,000 50,000,000
Earnings reinvested in the business:       1966       1965         Balance at beginning of year       \$16,378,584       \$10,985,818         Net earnings       6,292,361       5,392,766	22,670,945	16,378,584
Total investment of Montgomery Ward & Co., Incorporated	the second secon	\$ 91,378,584 \$628,577,103



#### **Combined Balance Sheet**

February 2,

February 3,

1966

1965

Assets		1
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 55,658	\$ 96,796
Marketable securities, at cost	_	910,203
Receivable from Montgomery Ward & Co., Incorporated	291,206	1,012,116
Other current assets	3,173	6,219
Total current assets	\$ 350,037	\$ 2,025,334
PROPERTIES, at cost: (Leased to Montgomery Ward & Co., Incorporated)		
Land	\$17,992,168	\$12,490,992
Buildings, less reserves for depreciation of \$8,164,071 in 1966 and	FC 270 42F	45 110 220
\$6,641,111 in 1965 Leasehold improvements, after amortization	56,278,435	45,110,330 2,747,610
Total properties	2,672,482 \$76,943,085	\$60,348,932
FINANCING EXPENSE, after amortization		
THE THOUGHT EATEROE, diter diffortization	+ 000,000	
Liabilities	\$77,677,055	\$62,770,460
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Principal payments of secured notes due within one year	\$ 905,000	\$ 864,000
Notes payable to Montgomery Ward & Co., Incorporated	1,044,389	1,314,093
Construction accounts payable	1,101,281	_
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	368,962	191,073
Federal taxes on income	5,932	51,893
Total current liabilities	\$ 3,425,564	\$ 2,421,059
DEFERRED FEDERAL TAXES ON INCOME	\$ 1,443,465	\$ 906,200
Secured notes at interest rates of 43/4% to 51/4% due serially to		
January 15, 1995, less principal payments due within one year	\$49,383,000	\$50,288,000
4½% Subordinated note, due January 6, 1974, payable to	\$49,505,000	\$30,200,000
Montgomery Ward & Co., Incorporated	5,752,205	5,752,205
5% Subordinated demand notes payable to Montgomery Ward & Co	, ,	
Incorporated (pending permanent financing)	14,001,551	
Total long term debt	\$69,136,756	\$56,040,205
INVESTMENT OF MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., INCORPORATED:		
Common stock	\$ 2,225,400	\$ 2,225,400
Earnings reinvested in the business: 1966 1965		
Balance at beginning of year       \$1,177,596       \$765,910         Net earnings       268,274       411,686	1 445 970	1 177 FOC
	1,445,870	1,177,596
Total investment of Montgomery Ward & Co., Incorporated	\$ 3,671,270	\$ 3,402,996
	\$77,677,055	\$62,770,460

#### AUDITORS' OPINION To the Stockholders and Board of Directors, Montgomery Ward & Co., Incorporated:

We have examined the consolidated balance sheet of Montgomery Ward & Co., Incorporated (an Illinois corporation) and subsidiaries as of February 2, 1966, and the related consolidated statements of earnings and earnings reinvested for the 52-week period then ended. We have also examined the balance sheet of Montgomery Ward Credit Corporation and the combined balance sheet of Montgomery Ward Realty Corporation and M-W Properties Corporation (all Delaware corporations) as of February 2, 1966. Our examinations were made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly the financial position of the companies as of February 2, 1966, and the consolidated results of their operations for the 52-week period then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding 53-week period.

Chicago, Illinois, March 17, 1966

athur Andersen + Co.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RECEIVABLES Total Receivables (principally customer	February 2, 1966	February 3, 1965
installment accounts) Less—Reserves for doubtful accounts and unearned	\$913,406,710	\$787,241,615
carrying charges	20,346,636	17,053,395
	\$893,060,074	\$770,188,220
Less—Accounts sold to credit subsidiary (net of amount withheld		
pending collection)	661,555,028	624,745,751
	\$231,505,046	\$145,442,469
PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT	February 2, 1966	February 3, 1965
Land	\$ 17,689,143	\$ 18,014,650
Buildings	\$136,292,292	\$119,551,094
Fixtures and Equipment	163,176,905	143,435,416
Less–Reserves for	\$299,469,197	\$262,986,510
depreciation	100,396,214	87,720,780
	\$199,072,983	\$175,265,730
Leasehold improvements, after amortization Properties and Equip-	\$ 17,863,200	\$ 15,508,809
ment-Net	\$234,625,326	\$208,789,189

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION—The consolidated statements include all subsidiaries except Montgomery Ward Credit Corporation, M-W Properties Corporation, and Montgomery Ward Realty Corporation, wholly owned subsidiaries for which separate or combined balance sheets are presented in this report. The net equity of subsidiaries not consolidated is stated in the Consolidated Balance Sheet at the amount of the Company's investments in such subsidiaries plus accumulated earnings in the net amount of \$24,116,815 as of February 2, 1966, which amount is included in Earnings Reinvested.

COSTS AND EXPENSES—The Statement of Earnings sets forth certain merchandise costs and operating expenses. These same costs and expenses may also be presented as follows: cost of merchandise sold, including net occupancy and buying expenses, \$1,266,507,122 in 1965 and \$1,238,529,575 in 1964; operating, selling and general administrative expenses, \$447,289,555 in 1965 and \$429,641,279 in 1964.

RETIREMENT AND SAVINGS PLANS—Under the Retirement Plan of the Company and its subsidiaries, there was an estimated unfunded past-service liability of \$25 million as of February 2, 1966. Provision was made during the fifty-two week period ended February 2, 1966 for interest on the unfunded past-service liability and full funding of current service liability. During the fiscal year, the Company contributed \$1,769,194 to the Employee Savings Plan.

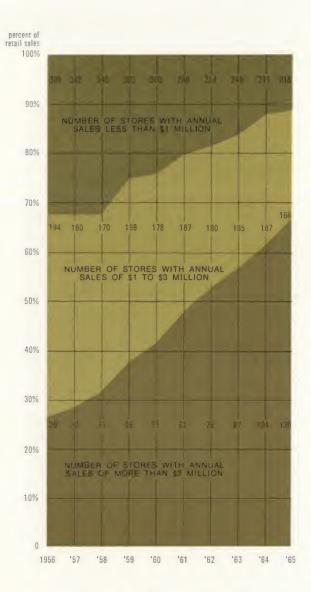
EMPLOYEES' STOCK OPTIONS—Under the Company's stock option plan 576,740 shares of common stock were reserved on February 2, 1966 for issuance to officers and key employees. On February 2, 1966, options for a total of 514,080 shares, of which 256,080 shares were exercisable, were held by 236 individuals at prices ranging from \$26<sup>7</sup>/<sub>8</sub> to \$47<sup>7</sup>/<sub>8</sub> per share, equal to 100% of market value at dates of grant. Options granted prior to January 1, 1964 are for a period of 10 years and on and after January 1, 1964 for a period of 5 years. Options are exercisable in cumulative installments of 10% per year for options granted prior to May 11, 1962 and 20% per year for options granted thereafter, commencing one year from date of grants. During the 1965 fiscal year, options for 2,610 shares were exercised.

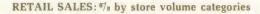
LEASE OBLIGATIONS—The Company had 805 leases in effect as of February 2, 1966 having terms of more than three years after that date. These leases provided for present aggregate minimum annual rentals of approximately \$28,455,000 (of which \$4,482,000 is payable to M-W Properties Corporation and Montgomery Ward Realty Corporation) plus, in certain instances, real estate taxes and other expenses. Additional amounts based upon percentage of sales may become due on 26% of these leases. The Company has no obligation under any of these leases beyond the year 1998 except for ground leases of two stores which extend through the years 2020 and 2029.

LONG TERM DEBT—Under the Indenture for the 47/8% Sinking Fund Debentures the Company may not declare any dividends on its common stock or acquire any of its classes of stock if, after giving effect thereto, it cannot meet certain financial requirements as defined in the Indenture. Under the most restrictive of these requirements, \$28,922,392 of consolidated earnings reinvested in the business were not restricted at February 2, 1966. Sinking fund payments of \$7 million are payable annually beginning in 1975 and \$45 million will be due August 1, 1990.

CREDIT CORPORATION—Under the Term Loan Agreement and the Indentures relating to the 4<sup>7</sup>/<sub>8</sub>% and 4<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% Debentures, the Credit Corporation may not declare dividends on, or acquire any of its common stock if, after giving effect to such transactions, current assets as defined in the Agreement and the Indentures are not at least equal to 120% of total liabilities as defined in the Agreement and the Indentures. As of February 2, 1966, \$13,020,100 of the Credit Corporation earnings reinvested in the business were not restricted under these provisions. Term Notes in the amount of \$34 million provide for interest at a variable rate which was 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>% at February 2, 1966. The balance of the Term Notes have a fixed interest rate of 4<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>%.

**SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**—On March 1, 1966, the Company purchased 117,496 shares of Pioneer Trust and Savings Bank in Chicago, Illinois for a cash price of \$165 per share or a total amount of \$19,386,840.





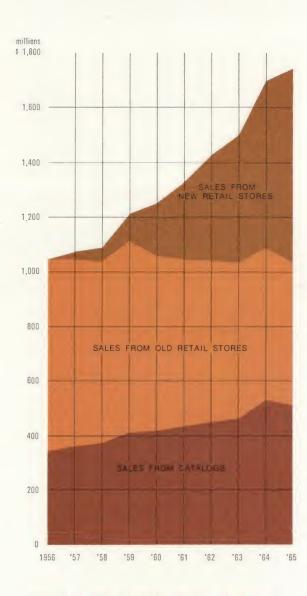
Montgomery Ward's 120 largest stores (over \$3 million sales) generated \$818.5 million or 67% of the Company's retail sales in 1965 compared with \$720 million or 62% for 104 comparable volume stores in 1964.

In the 20 major metropolitan areas which are managed by semi-autonomous merchandising and operating staffs, 90 retail stores developed 49% of the Company's total retail sales.

The chart portrays the steadily increasing volume of sales contributed by large stores since 1956 when 29 stores with annual sales of more than \$3 million accounted for only 27% of retail sales.

Sales for 166 medium size stores (\$1 to \$3 million) were \$269.2 million (22%) as compared to \$301 million (26%) for 187 stores in 1964.

In the small store category (less than \$1 million), 216 stores provided \$142 million (11%) in sales as compared to \$141.5 million (12%) for 211 stores in 1964.



#### TOTAL SALES: RETAIL STORES-CATALOGS

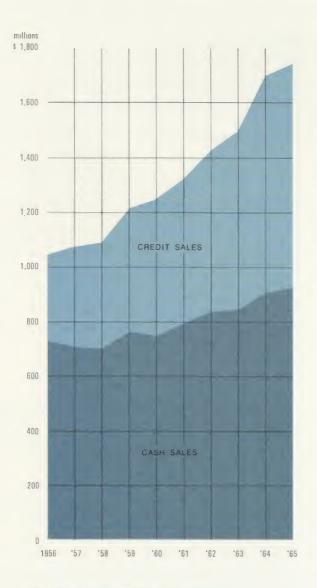
Retail sales in 1965 totaled \$1,230 million compared with \$1,162.5 million last year and \$701 million 10 years ago.

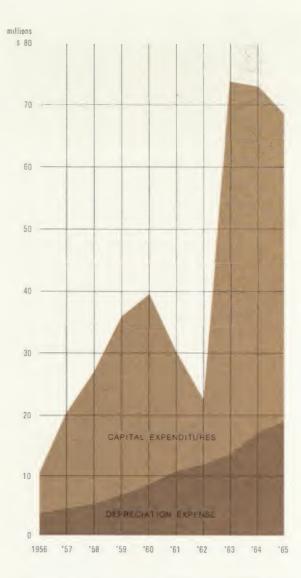
Catalog sales in 1965 totaled \$519 million compared with \$535 million last year and \$344 million 10 years ago.

In 1965, sales from 140 new retail stores (those opened since 1956) accounted for 58% of total retail sales volume as compared with 54% in 1964.

Of the 362 old stores, the 98 that have been rehabilitated in the last three years accounted for an additional 18% of retail sales. Old stores which have not been relocated or rehabilitated, and which are located principally in medium-sized and small communities, accounted for 24% of retail sales as compared with 30% in 1964.

It is of interest to note that the Company's 140 new retail stores in 1965 generated a larger sales volume, \$701.5 million, than did Wards total chain of 562 retail stores in 1956, \$701 million.





#### TOTAL SALES: CASH AND CREDIT

Credit sales in 1965 accounted for \$819 million compared with \$798 million last year, equal to 47% of total sales in both years.

Although cash sales have accounted for a decreasing share of total sales volume, they have increased 28% from \$725 million to \$929 million in the 10-year period. During 1966, it is expected that credit sales will tend to remain at a 47%-48% proportion of total sales.

The extension of credit services to meet the growing needs of the young segment of the population which is forming new families and establishing new homes has been an important factor in the growth pattern of the Company. Credit accounts at the end of 1965 totaled 4,666,000 as compared with 4,307,000 last year, an increase of 8.3%.

Accounts receivable outstanding at the end of 1965, principally customer installment accounts, were \$853,002,125, an increase of 16.4% over last year's \$732,663,178.

#### CAPITAL EXPENDITURES (including subsidiaries)

With the completion of the major part of Montgomery Ward's program of modernizing and expanding its existing stores and catalog and warehouse facilities, the non-recurring types of capital expenditures are decreasing.

As shown on the chart above, capital expenditures in 1965 were \$68,202,515 and in 1964 were \$73,022,509. Depreciation charges were \$19,151,531 in 1965 and \$17,142,890 in 1964.

Capital investments in new stores, new warehouses, expanded and modernized facilities during the past 10 years have reached a total of \$403 million.

In 1965, the Company opened 24 new and relocated stores, rehabilitated 9 small and medium-size stores, and completed the renovation of some of its large stores and its corporate office headquarters in Chicago. In 1966, the Company will open 32 new and relocated stores and will rehabilitate five small and medium-size stores.

### TEN-YEAR STATISTICAL SUMMARY

	1000	1001	100
OPERATIONS			
Net Sales	\$1,748,360,155	\$1,697,390,884	\$1,500,11
Net Earnings	23,962,876 17,748,000	21,865,389 17,300,000	20,96 17,35
Dividends	13,555,075	13,549,636	13,87
Earnings Reinvested or (in italics) Paid Out to Stockholders	10,407,801	0.345.753	7.00
from earnings of previous years Additions to Properties and Equipment:	10,407,001	8,315,753	7,08
Parent and Consolidated subsidiaries	50,670,268	69,055,893	72,10
Nonconsolidated subsidiaries	17,532,247	3,966,616	1,92
Depreciation and Amortization:  Parent and Consolidated subsidiaries	17,551,335	16,018,750	12,56
Nonconsolidated subsidiaries	1,600,196	1,124,140	77
Number of Retail Stores	502	502	
Number of Catalog Stores	864	818	
Average Number of Employees	98,484	93,802	3
FINANCIAL POSITION			
Working Capital (after intercompany adjustments):  Parent and Consolidated subsidiaries	\$ 421,846,601	\$ 311,491,186	\$ 381,80
Nonconsolidated subsidiaries	283,166,303	277,025,269	185,02
Accounts Receivable (after intercompany adjustments):  Parent and Consolidated subsidiaries	191,447,097	107,914,487	70.00
Nonconsolidated subsidiaries	661,555,028	624,748,691	70,89 515,74
Inventories	400,205,598	349,866,801	328,5
Net Investment in Properties and Equipment:	224 (25 226	200 700 100	170.0
Parent and Consolidated subsidiaries Nonconsolidated subsidiaries	234,625,326 76,950,796	208,789,189 60,356,470	178,8 37,8
Long Term Debt (after intercompany adjustments):		35,553,175	37,0
Parent and Consolidated subsidiaries Nonconsolidated subsidiaries	150,000,000 199,383,000	200,288,000	129.61
Nonconsolidated substituties	199,303,000	200,288,000	128,65
CTOCVIOI DEDC: INTERECT			
STOCKHOLDERS' INTEREST  Capital Stock and Earnings Reinvested	\$ 656,733,053	\$ 646,250,026	\$ 637,93
Investment per Common Share (book value of shares			Ψ 037,7.
outstanding at end of year)	51.09	50.27	
Earnings per Common Share (on average number of shares outstanding during the year).	1.83	1.66	
Dividends per Common Share	1.00	1.00	
Shares Outstanding: Class A	120 224	139,224	14
Common	139,224 12,581,422	12,578,812	12,50
Number of Stockholders	86,737	91,754	
			-

1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956
=						
\$1,425,187,840 20,415,681 20,825,000 13,996,630	\$1,325,941,281 15,859,096 16,780,500 14,182,249	\$1,248,993,866 15,053,599 16,551,700 20,619,205	\$1,222,596,263 30,656,537 32,775,000 27,010,180	\$1,092,267,472 28,030,510 28,800,000 27,011,140	\$1,073,799,422 29,696,757 30,660,000 30,507,029	\$1,045,767,458 35,844,479 38,190,000 30,671,579
6,419,051	1,676,847	(5,565,606)	3,646,357	1,019,370	(810,272)	5,172,900
21,335,348 1,417,061	23,632,379 6,904,636	22,339,716 17,406,390	36,073,835 —	27,271,255 —	20,476,338	10,516,918 —
11,147,015 752,966	9,852,659 522,408	8,317,153 218,536	6,429,527 —	5,334,929 —	4,517,949 —	3,588,874 —
512 691 77,123	517 676 72,106	529 627 67,258	547 568 63,153	549 527 58,152	554 475 59,714	562 415 57,691
\$ 463,787,666 154,292,928	\$ 449,767,743 163,088,589	\$ 469,648,372 112,812,358	\$ 541,005,545 —	\$ 566,551,714 -	\$ 587,609,314 —	\$ 610,974,437 —
63,996,717 414,881,564 285,720,832	194,780,691 240,374,252 296,174,404	238,845,291 167,415,758 266,784,895	356,590,631 — 260,218,266	305,325,253 — 242,026,480	277,179,867 — 227,432,485	237,915,314 — 247,094,113
128,830,668 30,934,129	121,861,235 30,754,648	111,741,337 21,755,732	104,691,071	75,225,195 —	53,578,754	37,792,614
118,239,000	118,541,000	_ 68,829,000	Ξ	=	=	=
\$ 640,679,610	\$ 635,438,336	\$ 640,218,052	\$ 645,696,616	\$ 641,776,909	\$ 641,188,068	\$ 648,767,051
49.38	48.80	48.42	48.85	48.57	48.49	48.34
1.51 1.00	1.13 1.00	1.07 1.50	2.28 2.00	2.08 2.00	2.19 2.25	2.65 2.25
201,554 12,565,771	201,554 12,608,396	201,554 12,805,696	201,554 12,803,406	201,554 12,796,256	201,554 12,808,556	201,554 13,004,756
104,580	108,194	107,609	106,006	99,956	92,127	84,605

#### DIRECTORS

Robert E. Brooker, President, Montgomery Ward, 1962\*

Russell P. Bygel, Vice President, Montgomery Ward, 1958†

Philip R. Clarke, Chairman of the Executive Committee, Montgomery Ward, 1942

Dwight M. Cochran, President, Kern County Land Co., 1965

Fairfax M. Cone, Chairman of the Executive Committee, Foote, Cone & Belding Advertising Agency, 1962

Edward S. Donnell, Executive Vice President, Montgomery Ward, 1963

Donald M. Graham, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago, 1962

Edward Gudeman, Partner, Lehman Brothers, 1963

Charles J. Kushell, Jr., Vice President, Montgomery Ward, 1957†

Lenox R. Lohr, President, Museum of Science & Industry of Chicago, 1956

Ernest S. Marsh, President, The Atchison, Topeka and Sante Fe Railway Company, 1959

Sidney A. McKnight, Vice President, Montgomery Ward, 1965

Robert L. Milligan, Chairman, Pure Oil Company, A Division of Union Oil Company of California, 1959

Martin D. Munger, Vice President, Montgomery Ward, 1965

James J. Nance, Chairman, Central National Bank of Cleveland, 1962

Frederick H. Veach, Vice President, Montgomery Ward, 1965

Charles W. Wood, Vice President, Montgomery Ward, 1962

\*Date indicates year elected Director †Will retire as Director May 12, 1966

#### OTHER OFFICERS

Harold W. Bancroft, Assistant Secretary Narcisse A. Brown, Assistant Secretary Walter O. Landmann, Assistant Secretary James G. McWaters, Assistant Secretary Irwin J. Shapiro, Assistant Secretary William A. Voss, Assistant Secretary Russell E. Mooney, Jr., Assistant Treasurer TRANSFER AGENTS-The Northern Trust Company, Chicago, III. Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, New York, N.Y.

REGISTRARS—The First National Bank of Chicago, Chicago, III. Bankers Trust Company, New York, N.Y.

CORPORATE OFFICES-619 W. Chicago Ave., Chicago, Ill. 60607, Tel. 467-2000



Edward S. Donnell, Executive Vice President



Andrew Lamb, Vice President, Finance; Charles W. Wood, Vice President, Merchandising; Harold F. Dysart, Vice President, Operating



Martin D. Munger, Sidney A. McKnight, James Lutz, Frederick H. Veach, Regional Vice Presidents



John D. Foster, Vice President, Personnel



Charles J. Barnhill, Secretary & General Counsel



Frederic E. Giersch, Vice President, New York Office



Ashley D. DeShazor, Vice President, Credit



Thomas O. Stratton, Treasurer





For 94 years, Montgomery Ward has served the families of America by its well-known policy of "Satisfaction Guaranteed or Your Money Back."

Today's customers receive the same guarantee for a growing variety of services such as appliance and automobile maintenance and repair, fashion and home decorating consultations, catalog and credit services.

Whatever way customers want to buy, that's the way Montgomery Ward is going to sell—in the city, suburbs or on the farm; by day or by night; by mail, by telephone, in the home or in the store; by cash or on credit. In 1966, Montgomery Ward is offering greater shopping values and customer services than ever before.







